

of the economy of \$100 million or more, or adversely and materially affecting a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or State, local or tribal governments or communities (also known as "economically significant"); (2) creating serious inconsistency or otherwise interfering with an action taken or planned by another agency; (3) materially altering the budgetary impacts of entitlement, grants, user fees, or loan programs; or (4) raising novel legal or policy issues arising of legal mandates, the President's priorities, or the principles set forth in the Executive Order.

Pursuant to the terms of this Executive Order, EPA has determined that this rule is not "significant" and is therefore not subject to OMB review.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (Pub. L. 96-354, 94 Stat. 1164, 5 U.S.C. 601-612), the Administrator has determined the regulations establishing new tolerances or raising tolerance levels or establishing exemptions from tolerance requirements do not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. A certification statement to this effect was published in the **Federal Register** of May 4, 1981 (46 FR 24950).

List of subjects in 40 CFR Parts 180 and 186

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Feed additives, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: June 9, 1995.

Peter Caulkins,

Acting Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, 40 CFR parts 180 and 186 are amended as follows:

PART 180—[AMENDED]

1. In part 180:

a. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a and 371.

b. In § 180.458, by designating the existing text as paragraph (a) and adding new paragraph (b), to read as follows:

§ 180.458 Clethodim ((E)-(±)-2-[1-[(3-chloro-2-propenyl)oxy]imino]propyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one); tolerances for residues.

(a) * * *

(b) Tolerances are established for the herbicide clethodim [(E)-(±)-2-[1-[(3-chloro-2-propenyl)oxy]imino]propyl]-5-

[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one] and its metabolites containing the 5-(2-ethylthiopropyl)cyclohexen-3-one and 5-(2-ethylthiopropyl)-5-hydroxycyclohexen-3-one moieties and their sulphoxides and sulphones, expressed as clethodim tolerance residues for the following raw agricultural commodities:

Commodity	Parts per million
Onions (dry bulb)	0.20
Sugar beet, roots	0.20
Sugar beet, tops	0.50

PART 186—[AMENDED]

2. In part 186:

a. The authority citation for part 186 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 348.

b. In § 186.1075, by revising the section heading, designating the existing text as paragraph (a), and adding new paragraph (b), to read as follows:

§ 186.1075 Clethodim ((E)-(±)-2-[1-[(3-chloro-2-propenyl)oxy]imino]propyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one).

(a) * * *

(b) Tolerances are established for the herbicide clethodim [(E)-(±)-2-[1-[(3-chloro-2-propenyl)oxy]imino]propyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one] and its metabolites containing the 5-(2-ethylthiopropyl)cyclohexen-3-one and 5-(2-ethylthiopropyl)-5-hydroxycyclohexen-3-one moieties and their sulphoxides and sulphones, expressed as clethodim tolerance residues for the following feeds:

Commodity	Parts per million
Sugar beet, molasses	2.0

[FR Doc. 95-15579 Filed 6-27-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

40 CFR Parts 185 and 186

[PP 5H5712/R2140; FRL-4957-1]

RIN 2070-AB78

Cyfluthrin; Food/Feed Additive Regulations

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule amends a regulation for residues of the synthetic pyrethroid cyfluthrin in food/feed areas of food/feed-handling establishments. Miles Corp., Agricultural Division, petitioned EPA to amend the food/feed additive regulations to allow the use of a dust formulation in crack and crevice treatment. This rule was requested pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA).

EFFECTIVE DATE: This regulation becomes effective June 28, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Written objections and hearing requests, identified by the document control number, [FAP 5H5712/R2140], may be submitted to: Hearing Clerk (1900), Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. M3708, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Fees accompanying objections and hearing requests shall be labeled "Tolerance Petition Fees" and forwarded to: EPA Headquarters Accounting Operations Branch, OPP (Tolerance Fees), P.O. Box 360277M, Pittsburgh, PA 15251. A copy of any objections and hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk should be identified by the document control number and submitted to: Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. In person, bring copy of objections and hearing requests to: Rm. 1132, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA 22202.

A copy of objections and hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk may also be submitted electronically by sending electronic mail (e-mail) to: opp-docket@epamail.epa.gov. Copies of objections and hearing requests must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption. Copies of objections and hearing requests will also be accepted on disks in WordPerfect in 5.1 file format or ASCII file format. All copies of objections and hearing requests in electronic form must be identified by the docket number [FAP 5H5712/R2140]. No Confidential Business Information (CBI) should be submitted through e-mail. Electronic copies of objections and hearing requests on this rule may be filed online at many Federal Depository Libraries. Additional information on electronic submissions can be found below in this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: George T. Larocca, Product Manager (PM 13), Registration Division (7505C), Office of Pesticide Programs,

Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: Rm. 204, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA 22202, (703)-305-6100; e-mail: larocca.george@epamail.epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: EPA issued a notice in the **Federal Register** of February 8, 1995 (60 FR 7541), which announced that Miles, Corp., Agricultural Division, had submitted a food/feed additive petition, (FAP) 5H5712, to EPA requesting that the Administrator, pursuant to section 409(e) of the FFDCA (21 U.S.C. 348), amend 40 CFR 185.1250 and 186.1250 by amending the food/feed additive regulation for residues of the synthetic pyrethroid cyfluthrin by adding conditions for use of a dust formulation in crack or crevice treatment in areas of food/feed-handling establishments. The petition was subsequently amended to include spot treatment also.

No new data were submitted in support of this amendment. Food and feed additive regulations are established under 40 CFR 185.1250(c) and 186.1250(c), respectively, permitting residues of cyfluthrin at up to 0.05 ppm in food/feed commodities exposed to the insecticide during treatment of food/feed handling establishments. Residue data submitted in support of general surface treatment with cyfluthrin in food/feed-handling establishments under pesticide petition (PP) 6H5515 (51 FR 43663, Dec. 3, 1986) are adequate to demonstrate that residues resulting from use of a dust formulation will not exceed the established tolerance of 0.05 ppm. The toxicological and metabolism data and analytical methods for enforcement purposes considered in support of this amended regulation are discussed in detail in related documents published in the **Federal Register** of April 12, 1995 (60 FR 18563).

The reference dose (RfD) for cyfluthrin is 0.025 mg/kg bwt/day and is based on the no-observable-effect level (NOEL) of 2.5 mg/kg/day in the 2-year rat feeding study. An uncertainty factor (UF) of 100 was used to calculate the RfD. The Theoretical Maximum Residue Contribution (TMRC) from established tolerances utilizes 11% of the RfD for the U.S. population and 32% of the RfD for nonnursing infants less than 1-year old, the subgroup with the highest estimated exposure to cyfluthrin residues. The use of a dust formulation in food/feed handling establishments does not contribute any more to the dietary exposure for the general population or nonnursing infants than general surface treatment.

There are currently no actions pending against the continued registration of this chemical.

Based on the information and data considered, the Agency has determined that the amending of 40 CFR 185.1250 and 186.1250 will be safe. Therefore, the regulation is amended as set forth below.

Any person adversely affected by this regulation may, within 30 days after publication of this document in the **Federal Register**, file written objections and/or request a hearing with the Hearing Clerk, at the address given above (40 CFR 178.20). A copy of the objections and/or hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk should be submitted to the OPP docket for this rulemaking. The objections submitted must specify the provisions of the regulation deemed objectionable and the grounds for the objections (40 CFR 178.25). Each objection must be accompanied by the fee prescribed by 40 CFR 180.33(i). If a hearing is requested, the objections must include a statement of the factual issue(s) on which a hearing is requested, the requestor's contentions on such issues, and a summary of any evidence relied upon by the objector (40 CFR 178.27). A request for a hearing will be granted if the Administrator determines that the material submitted shows the following: There is a genuine and substantial issue of fact; there is a reasonable possibility that available evidence identified by the requestor would, if established, resolve one or more of such issues in favor of the requestor, taking into account uncontested claims or facts to the contrary; and resolution of the factual issue(s) in the manner sought by the requestor would be adequate to justify the action requested (40 CFR 178.32).

A record has been established for this rulemaking under docket number [FAP 5H5712/R2140] (including any objections and hearing requests submitted electronically as described below). A public version of this record, including printed, paper versions of electronic comments, which does not include any information claimed as CBI, is available for inspection from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The public record is located in Room 1132 of the Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA.

Written objections and hearing requests, identified by the document control number [FAP 5H5712/R2140], may be submitted to the Hearing Clerk

(1900), Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. 3708, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460.

A copy of electronic objections and hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk can be sent directly to EPA at: opp-Docket@epamail.epa.gov

A copy of electronic objections and hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption.

The official record for this rulemaking, as well as the public version, as described above will be kept in paper form. Accordingly, EPA will transfer any objections and hearing requests received electronically into printed, paper form as they are received and will place the paper copies in the official rulemaking record which will also include all objections and hearing requests submitted directly in writing. The official rulemaking record is the paper record maintained at the address in "ADDRESSES" at the beginning of this document.

Under Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, Oct. 4, 1993), the Agency must determine whether the regulatory action is "significant" and therefore subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and the requirements of the Executive Order. Under section 3(f), the order defines a "significant regulatory action" as an action that is likely to result in a rule (1) having an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more, or adversely and materially affecting a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or State, local, or tribal governments or communities (also referred to as "economically significant"); (2) creating serious inconsistency or otherwise interfering with an action taken or planned by another agency; (3) materially altering the budgetary impacts of entitlement, grants, user fees, or loan programs or the rights and obligations of recipients thereof; or (4) raising novel legal or policy issues arising out of legal mandates, the President's priorities, or the principles set forth in this Executive Order.

Pursuant to the terms of the Executive Order, EPA has determined that this rule is not "significant" and is therefore not subject to OMB review.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (Pub. L. 96-354, 94 Stat. 1164, 5 U.S.C. 601-612), the Administrator has determined that regulations establishing new tolerances or raising tolerance levels or establishing exemptions from tolerance

requirements do not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. A certification statement to this effect was published in the **Federal Register** of May 4, 1981 (46 FR 24950).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Parts 185 and 186

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Food additives, Feed additives, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: June 14, 1995.

Stephen L. Johnson,

Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, chapter I of title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 185—[AMENDED]

1. In part 185:
a. The authority citation for part 185 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a and 348.

b. In § 185.1250, paragraph (c)(2) is revised to read as follows:

§ 185.1250 Cyfluthrin.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(2) Crack and crevice or spot treatments shall be limited to a maximum of 0.1 percent of the active ingredient by weight, applied with a low-pressure system with a pinpoint or variable-pattern nozzle. Dust formulation shall be limited to a maximum of 0.1 percent of the active ingredient by weight, applied using a hand duster, power duster, or other equipment capable of applying dust insecticide directly into voids and cracks and crevices. Dust applications should be made in a manner to avoid deposits on exposed surfaces or introducing the material into the air. Cover exposed food or remove food from premises. Do not apply directly to food. Reapplications may be made at 10-day intervals.

* * * * *

PART 186—[AMENDED]

2. In part 186:
a. The authority citation for part 186 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 348.

b. In § 186.1250, paragraph (c)(2) is revised to read as follows:

§ 186.1250 Cyfluthrin.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(2) Crack and crevice or spot treatments shall be limited to a maximum of 0.1 percent of the active ingredient by weight, applied with a low-pressure system with a pinpoint or variable-pattern nozzle. Dust formulation shall be limited to a maximum of 0.1 percent of the active ingredient by weight, applied using a hand duster, power duster, or other equipment capable of applying dust insecticide directly into voids and cracks and crevices. Dust applications should be made in a manner to avoid deposits on exposed surfaces or introducing the material into the air. Cover exposed feed or remove feed from premises. Do not apply directly to feed. Reapplications may be made at 10-day intervals.

* * * * *

[FR Doc. 95-15439 Filed 6-27-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

40 CFR Part 300

[FRL-5249-1]

National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan; National Priorities List Update

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice of deletion of Alpha Chemical Corporation Site from the National Priorities List.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region IV announces the deletion of the Alpha Chemical Corporation Site in Lakeland, Florida, from the National Priorities List (NPL). The NPL is codified as appendix B of the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP), 40 CFR Part 300, which EPA promulgated pursuant to section 105 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) of 1980, as amended. EPA and the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) have determined that the Site poses no significant threat to public health or the environment and therefore, no further response pursuant to CERCLA is appropriate.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 28, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Joe Franzmathes, Director, Waste Management Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 345 Courtland Street, N.E., Atlanta, Georgia 30365, (404)347-3454. Comprehensive information on this Site is available at two information repositories located at:

Lakeland Public Library, 100 Lake Morton Drive, Lakeland, Florida 33801, (813) 499-8242 and U.S. EPA Record Center, 345 Courtland Street, N.E. Atlanta, Georgia 30365 (404)347-0506.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Alpha Chemical Corporation Site in Lakeland, Florida, is being deleted from the NPL.

A Notice of Intent to Delete for this site was published on May 3, 1995 (60 FR 21786). The closing date for comments on the Notice of Intent to Delete was June 2, 1995. EPA received no comments and therefore did not prepared a Responsiveness Summary.

The EPA identifies sites which appear to present a significant risk to public health welfare, or the environment and it maintains the NPL as the list of those sites. Sites on the NPL may be subject of Hazardous Substance Response Trust Fund (Fund-) financed remedial actions. Any site deleted from the NPL remains eligible for Fund-financed remedial actions in the unlikely event that conditions at the site warrant such action. Section 301.425(e)(3) of the NCP states that Fund-financed actions may be taken at sites deleted from the NPL in the unlikely event that conditions at the site warrant such action. Deletion of a site from the NPL does not affect responsible party liability or impede agency efforts to recover costs associated with response efforts.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 300

Air pollution control, Chemicals, Hazardous substances, Hazardous Waste, Intergovernmental relations, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Superfund, Water pollution control, Water supply.

Dated: June 15, 1995.

Patrick M. Tobin,

Acting Regional Administrator, USEPA Region IV.

40 CFR part 300 is amended as follows:

PART 300—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 300 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1321(c)(2); 42 U.S.C. 9601-9657; E.O. 12777, 56 FR 54757, 3 CFR, 1991 Comp. p.351; E.O. 12580, 52 FR 2923, 3 CFR, 1987 Comp. p. 193.

Appendix B—[Amended]

2. Table 1 of appendix B to part 300 is amended by removing the Site "Alpha Chemical Corporation, Lakeland, Florida".

[FR Doc. 95-15874 Filed 6-27-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P